4th ANNUAL LEGISLATIVE LISTENING SESSION



The Maryland Military Coalition

- Currently 22 veteran and military groups representing over 150,000 service-connected individuals
 - Active duty and their families Survivors
 - Retirees and their families
 - Veterans and their families
- Caregivers
- Guard/Reserve
- A registered non-profit, non-partisan advocacy organization
- Seeks to protect and enhance the well-being of the total military community in Maryland



MD Military Coalition Members

- Air Force Sergeants Association
- American Military Society
- American Minority Vets Research Project
- Association of the U.S. Navy
- Commissioned Officers Association of the US Public Health Service
- Disabled American Veterans
- Fleet Reserve Association -- Annapolis
- Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.
- MD Air National Guard Retirees Association
- MD National Association of Retired Federal Employees Veterans Committee
- MD Veterans Chamber of Commerce

- Military Officers Association of America
- Military Order of the Purple Heart
- Military Order of the World Wars
- Montford Point Marines of America
- National Association of Black Veterans
- Naval Enlisted Reserve Association
- NOAA Association of Commissioned Officers
- Platoon 22
- Reserve Organization of America
- Society of Military Widows
- Veterans of Foreign Wars



MMC's 2026 Legislative Goals

- Protect Maryland veterans from claim predators
- Eliminate the age restriction and state income tax on uniformed services retirement pay
- Expand the eligibility of the Maryland Veterans Trust Fund to include members of the Reserve and their families
- Expedite professional licensure and certification of spouses of uniformed services members
- Establish a Maryland Women's Veterans Memorial



MARYLAND AND THE MILITARY COMMUNITY



Maryland and Defense Spending*

Home to 20 military facilities

- Ranks 6th in total Defense spending; as high as 4th
- Ranks 7th in Defense spending as a percentage of State GDP; as high as 4th
- Ranks 6th in Defense contract spending; as high as 5th
- Ranks 5th in Defense personnel spending; as high as 4th
- Ranks 8th in total Defense personnel (95,524)¹
 - Active duty 28,920; Guard and Reserve 18,056
 - Civilian 48,548

¹ Includes all active duty, civilian, National Guard, and Reserve personnel by assigned duty location as of 12/31/24, DMDC

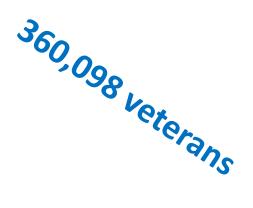


^{*} Source: Defense Spending by State, Fiscal Years 2019-2023, DoD Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation, as of 9/30/23

Maryland Military Demographics*

State residents (DoD only) include:

- 36,430 active-duty service members
- 13,779 active-duty spouses
- 26,580 active-duty children
- 25,978 National Guard and Reserve members
- 10,392 National Guard and Reserve spouses
- 16,786 National Guard and Reserve children
- 52,025 military retirees; 6,321 survivors¹



^{*} As of December 31, 2024, https://statepolicy.militaryonesource.mil/state/MD

¹ As of December 31, 2023, https://actuary.defense.gov/

Maryland's Fiscal Condition

Forecast Summary and Risks

- Federal spending and employment reductions continue to impact Maryland and the region
- Federal and State tax legislation enacted in calendar 2025 increase uncertainty
 - Personal income tax is impacted by both
 - State legislation expanded the sales tax
 - New or expanded taxes are particularly difficult to estimate

General Fund revenue forecasted to grow 3.6% in FY26 and only 1.7% in FY27



2026 LEGISLATIVE GOALS



PROTECT MARYLAND'S VETERANS FROM CLAIM PREDATORS



The Issue

What legislation can be enacted that will protect veterans from the deceptive practices of claim predators and survive any legal challenges on First Amendment or other constitutional grounds?



Why Regulate These Companies

- No federal criminal penalties associated with nonaccredited individuals and companies charging fees to help veterans file claims since 2006
- Growth of these companies has exploded since the PACT Act of 2022
- Non-accredited individuals and companies unable to be held accountable for defrauding veterans
- States must step in to close federal loopholes and crack down on predatory practices through consumer protection laws



Legislation that strictly and *strongly regulates non-accredited individuals and companies* charging fees to help veterans file claims

- Louisiana (2024), Florida, Colorado, and North
 Carolina (all in 2025) laws provide excellent examples
 - Complement federal regulation
 - Hold individuals and companies accountable
 - Ensure that veterans can access their earned benefits without fear or risk of exploitation

These laws create guardrails



Legislation that clearly discloses in writing and orally:

- Individual/company not sponsored or affiliated with US VA or MD DVMF
- Other organizations can offer the same services for free
- Products or services being offered not necessarily endorsed by US VA or MD DVMF
- Veteran may qualify for other benefits beyond those they may receive from the individual/company



Legislation that:

- Regulates compensation:
 - Discloses and "memorializes" all terms at the outset
 - No referral fees; no prepayment and non-refundable fees; no interest charges
 - Prohibits charging fees that are not allowed by federal law
- Prohibits conduct that:
 - Bars a guarantee of a specific outcome or amount of veterans' benefits; methods of solicitation
 - Bars the use of a veteran's personal and financial information
 - Bars employment of medical provider for secondary exam



ELIMINATING THE AGE RESTRICTION AND TAX ON MILITARY RETIREMENT INCOME



Maryland is at a Competitive Disadvantage

No age restriction; 100% exemption of military retirement pay

Military retirement pay taxed at ordinary income tax rates

No age restriction; 100% exemption of uniformed services retirement pay



No age restriction; 100% exemption of military retirement pay

Under 55: \$12,500 exemption of military retirement pay 55 and older: \$20,000 exemption of military retirement pay

No age restriction; \$12,500 exemption of military retirement pay

No age restriction; \$40,000 exemption of military retirement pay this year and beyond



Costs of *Not* Eliminating the State Tax

- The number of military retirees in Maryland will continue to decline as they leave for other states that do not tax military retired pay
- Continued loss of additional tax revenue from <u>households</u>
 with individuals commuting or remote working from other
 states that do not tax military retired pay
- Vacancies in Defense, healthcare, cyber, IT, research, education and healthcare will remain unfilled
- Loss of additional tax revenue from second-career incomes and household spending as military retirees leave for other states



Benefits of Eliminating the State Tax

- Incentivizes military retirees to stay, live, work, and spend in Maryland
 - Most retiring service members are in their late 30s to early 40s
 - Will work in the private sector for up to 25 years
 - Their households will also contribute to Maryland's economy
- Retirees bring expertise and critical skills to occupations where serious shortages currently exist
- Second career incomes, including working spouses, would be fully taxable, offsetting the cost of exempting military retired pay



Option 1:

Match the Commonwealth of Virginia:

- In Tax Year 2026
 - Eliminate the under-55 age restriction
 - Raise all exemptions to \$40,000
- Beyond Tax Year 2026
 - Develop a plan to increase exemption incrementally

Maryland should not be a farm team for Virginia!



Option 2:

Phasing in the elimination of the State tax on military retired pay:

- In Tax Year 2026
 - Eliminate the 55-year-old age restriction
 - Raise the \$12,500 under 55 exemption to \$20,000
- In Tax Year 2027
 - Exempt 50% of military retired pay but not less than \$20,000
- In Tax Year 2028
 - Exempt 100% of military retired pay but not less than \$20,000

EXPEDITED PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE & CERTIFICATION FOR SPOUSES OF MEMBERS OF UNIFORMED SERVICES



Military Spouses by the Numbers*

- 23% are unemployed, five to six times the rate of their counterparts without a military connection
 - 54% of active-duty spouses cited "military spouse employment" as their most pressing challenge
- 77% reported that two incomes are vital for their family's well-being
- 39% reported that it took more than three months to start employment after most recent relocation
- 35% of military spouses require an occupational license to work in their chosen profession

^{* 2024} Blue Star Families Military Families Lifestyle Survey, https://bluestarfam.org/wp-content/uploads/2025/02/BSF MFLS24 Comp Report Full-v2.pdf



Advantages of Interstate Compacts

- Take precedence over the licensure portability provision of §705A of the Servicemember Civil Relief Act
- Most compacts allow military spouses to designate a home state for their license, ensuring that there is no license transfer with each move
- Compacts developed through extensive consensus-based process from existing policies across many states
- Specific to the needs of each profession
- Preserve state sovereignty with state-to-state cooperation
- Can start working more quickly



Issues a Compact Can Resolve

Enactment of interstate licensure compacts in key occupations will *result in the following benefits* for activeduty members of the uniformed services, their spouses, and veterans:

- Remove the barriers to employment
- Remove the one-year limitation on veterans
- Discontinue the issuing of "Letters of Recognition"



Focus on enacting the following interstate licensure compacts:

- Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact* (12 states)
- Dietician Licensure Compact* (15 states)
- Interstate Massage Therapy Compact* (5 states)
- Interstate School Psychologist Compact* (7 states)
- Interstate Teacher Mobility Compact* (13 states)
- Physician Associates Compact (19 states)
- Respiratory Care Interstate Compact* (4 states)

^{*} Compacts developed through the DoD-CSG Cooperative Agreement



EXPAND VETERANS TRUST FUND ELIGIBILITY TO INCLUDE MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE AND THEIR FAMILIES



Why Expand the Fund's Eligibility

- Members of the MD National Guard and their families were added as eligible recipients by 2025 MGA
 - May suffer from "temporary non-emergency financial challenges" that the Fund can address
- Members of the Reserve face the same "temporary non-emergency financial challenges"
- Approximately 11,900 members of the Reserve versus approximately 6,100 members of the National Guard*
- No policy justification to "leave behind" members of the Reserve and their families

^{*} By assigned duty location in Maryland, per the DMDC, 12/31/24; excludes approximately 7,900 residents assigned outside of Maryland

Amend Maryland Code to include as eligible recipients of the Veterans Trust Fund:

 Members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, Coast Guard, and Public Health Service Reserve who are Maryland residents

Not doing so is inconsistent with Governor Moore's pledge to "leave no one behind"



ESTABLISH A MARYLAND WOMEN'S VETERANS MEMORIAL



Maryland Military Coalition Supports

- Establishment of a Maryland Women's Veteran
 Memorial at the Maryland Veterans Museum at Patriot Park, Newburg, MD
- Establishment of a timeline for design and completion of the memorial
- Establishment of a memorial construction timeline and a plan for funding that considers all possible public and private sources, including establishing a 501(c)(3) corporation to raise funds from foundations, corporations and individuals



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VETERANS CAUCUS DISCUSSION



OPEN DISCUSSION



thanks for the way! Attended with the way! WRAP UP

